BT 271/455

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AEP 514

Japanese Peace Treaty Act.

Draft Order in Council.

Esq., Foreign Office,

33

Extract from:-

BOARD OF TRADE JOURNAL
10th May, 1952

Administrator appointed for Japanese Property

AN ORDER in Council* made under the Japanese Treaty of Peace Act, 1951, came into force on May 7.

The Order provides for the collection and realization of Japanese property in accordance with Article 14 of the Treaty which gives to the United Kingdom the right to seize Japanese property, rights and interests (with certain exceptions) within its jurisdiction. It provides for the appointment by the Board of Trade of an Administrator of Japanese Property with certain powers and duties for those purposes. The Administrator will then deal with the proceeds of collection and realization of Japanese property in this country in accordance with Treasury directions.

Every person who holds, controls or manages Japanese property or owes a debt which is Japanese property is required to furnish particulars thereof to the Administrator within three months from the date when the Order comes into operation, unless particulars have already been furnished to a Custodian of Enemy Property. A similar obligation is also imposed upon any company, municipal authority or other body, when the Japanese property consists of shares, stocks or other securities issued by such company, authority or body, or any right or interest therein. The Administrator may, by notice, require the production of books, documents or information. The Order prohibits any dealing with "Japanese property" as defined except with the consent of the Administrator.

The Order gives legal effect to those provisions of the Japanese Peace Treaty and Protocol, signed on September 8, 1951, which require to be made part of municipal law.

The Order applies with certain modifications to the whole of Her Majesty's dominions (except the Dominions), including Scotland, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man and to the Protected Territories specified in the Second Schedule to the Order.

The address for correspondence arising out of the Order is the Administration of Enemy Property Department, Lacon House, Theobald's Road, London, W.C.1.

*The Japanese Treaty of Peace Order, 1952 (Statutory Instrument 1952 No.862, price 6d. (by post 7½d.) Copies are obtainable from H.M. Stationery Office, Kingsway, London, W.C.2, and branches, or through any bookseller.

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in writable.

The preferable way is
deal with this is slightly to
paraphrase the Press Notice and
issue as a Dept. Notice.
Miss Hunter agrees.
Would you please OK. and
then I can arrange for issue
in a day or so.

Mr Dellow

I agree

10/1/52

Mr Hempfield. Please have
issued as a
P.N.

7/1/52.

7/1/52

...e of Peace Order, 1952.

...the attached copy of a
...der in Council which has
...Japanese Treaty of Peace Act,
...addressed by Mr R. Hunter,

this country in accordance with

controls or manages Japanese property
operty is required to furnish
particulars thereof to the Administrator within three months from the
date when the Order comes into operation, unless particulars have
already been furnished to a Custodian of Enemy Property. A similar
obligation is also imposed upon any company, municipal authority or other
body, when the Japanese property consists of shares, stocks or other
securities issued by such company, authority or body, or any right or
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The Order applies with certain modifications to the whole
of Her Majesty's dominions (except the Dominions) including Scotland,
Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man and to the

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Would you M. be kind enough to have this issued as an ASWD notice if that is in order.

M Hamlin
7/5/52

Mr Dellow

2

...ty of Peace Order, 1952.

...the attached copy of a Order in Council which has ...Japanese Treaty of Peace Act, ...addressed to Miss R. Hamlet,

realisation of Japanese property in this country in accordance with Treasury directions.

Every person who holds, controls or manages Japanese property or owes a debt which is Japanese property is required to furnish particulars thereof to the Administrator within three months from the date when the Order comes into operation, unless particulars have already been furnished to a Custodian of Enemy Property. A similar obligation is also imposed upon any company, municipal authority or other body, when the Japanese property consists of shares, stocks or other securities issued by such company, authority or body, or any right or interest therein. The Administrator may, by notice, require the production of books, documents or information. The Order prohibits any dealing with "Japanese property" as defined except with the consent of the Administrator.

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The Order applies with certain modifications to the whole of Her Majesty's dominions (except the Dominions) including Scotland, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man and to the

/ Protected

Japanese Treaty of Peace Order, 1952.

Attention is drawn to the attached copy of a Press Notice about an Order in Council which has been made under the Japanese Treaty of Peace Act, 1951.

Enquiries should be addressed to Miss R. Hunter, Board 3.

realisation of Japanese property in this country in accordance with Treasury directions.

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The Order applies with certain modifications to the whole of Her Majesty's dominions (except the Dominions) including Scotland, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man and to the

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Copy taken for: T. Peters, Esq., Foreign Office,

A.E.P.D Departmental Notice No 42

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~~Confidential until Wednesday morning, May 7, 1952.~~

~~JAPANESE PROPERTY IN THIS COUNTRY~~

~~Board of Trade to Appoint Administrator~~

THE JAPANESE TREATY OF PEACE (ORDER) 1952.

~~An Order in Council (a) has been made under the Japanese Treaty of Peace Act, 1951. It is published tomorrow (May 7) and will come into force the same day.~~

The Order provides for the collection and realisation of Japanese property in accordance with Article 14 of the Treaty which gives to the United Kingdom the right to seize Japanese property, rights and interests (with certain exceptions) within its jurisdiction. It provides for the appointment by the Board of Trade of an Administrator of Japanese Property with certain powers and duties for those purposes. The Administrator will then deal with the proceeds of collection and realisation of Japanese property in this country in accordance with Treasury directions.

Every person who holds, controls or manages Japanese property or owes a debt which is Japanese property is required to furnish particulars thereof to the Administrator within three months from the date when the Order comes into operation, unless particulars have already been furnished to a Custodian of Enemy Property. A similar obligation is also imposed upon any company, municipal authority or other body, when the Japanese property consists of shares, stocks or other securities issued by such company, authority or body, or any right or interest therein. The Administrator may, by notice, require the production of books, documents or information. The Order prohibits any dealing with "Japanese property" as defined except with the consent of the Administrator.

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The Order applies with certain modifications to the whole of Her Majesty's dominions (except the Dominions) including Scotland, Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man and to the

/ Protected (38)

Protected Territories specified in the Second Schedule to the Order.

The address for correspondence relating out of the Office

in the administration of Enemy Property Department, Lusaka Street,

Countryside Bank, Bombay 400001

[illegible]

[illegible]

State of India,
Ruling Princes Street,
London, S.W.1.

[illegible]

(a) The Japanese Embassy of India (Japan) 1958
Diplomacy Instruments 1958 No. [illegible] Enactment

m Peters, Esq., Foreign Office,

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AEP.514/P1.

30 April, 1952.

Dear Mr. Jackson,

As arranged on the telephone, I am sending you herewith, copies of two press notices about the Japanese Treaty of Peace Order, 1952, together with Departmental file.

You will see that the draft Order was approved by the President on the 3rd April.

As a general brief for obtaining clearance for the press notices, you may find it useful to refer to the note on this file dated 23rd April, which was prepared for the Draft Orders Committee. As you know however, the question of the distribution of the proceeds of Japanese property in this country to benevolent organisations is to be reconsidered by Ministers.

I should be grateful if you would pass on a copy of the notice to the Editor of the Board of Trade Journal.

Yours sincerely,

✓

(Miss M. Hunter)

S. Jackson, Esq.,
Information Division,
Board of Trade,
Horse Guards Avenue,
LONDON, S.W.1.

(37)

(a) The Japanese Treaty of Peace Order, 1952
Statutory Instrument 1952 No. Published

(35)

Copy taken for: T. Peters, Esq., Foreign Office,
S.W.1.

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AEP. 514/P1.

30 April, 1952.

Dear Mr. Hodges,

I am enclosing herewith copies of two press notices dealing with the Japanese Treaty of Peace Order, 1952, which I have amended as agreed with you on the telephone this morning. We have deleted all reference to the distribution of the proceeds of collection and realisation of Japanese property in this country, and the press notices now merely state that the Administrator will deal with these proceeds in accordance with Treasury directions.

You agreed that if this wording gave rise to enquiries about the effect of such directions, the Treasury would be prepared to deal with them.

I am copying to Mr. Peters, Foreign Office.

Yours sincerely,

(Miss M. Hunter)

C. H. W. Hodges, Esq.,
H.M. Treasury,
LONDON, S.W.1.

(36)

(a) The Japanese Treaty of Peace Order, 1952
Statutory Instrument 1952 No. Published

(35)